LAW OF THE KYRGYZ REPUBLIC

dated October 30, 1996 No. 56

About energy

(As amended by the Laws of the Kyrgyz Republic
of May 16, 2008 No. 85, May 23, 2008 No. 93, January 23, 2009 No. 14,

This Law defines the basic principles of the organization and regulation of economic activity in the fuel and energy complex.

The provisions of this Law apply to all enterprises of the fuel and energy complex, regardless of their form of ownership.

Article 1. Fuel and energy complex

The fuel and energy complex in the Kyrgyz Republic consists of energy sectors. Each energy industry, as well as activities carried out in such an industry, are regulated by the provisions of this Law and other legislative and regulatory acts of the Kyrgyz Republic.

Section 2. Purpose of this Law

The objectives of this Law are to increase the economic efficiency and reliability of the fuel and energy complex, protect the interests of consumers and manufacturers.

Section 3. Definitions of Terms

In this Law, the following terms have the following meanings:
All primary energy resources located on the territory of the Kyrgyz Republic are the exclusive property of the state, and their use, with the exception of the use of renewable energy sources, is carried out on the basis of a license in accordance with the legislation of the Kyrgyz Republic.

(As amended by the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic of October 10, 2012 No. 170)
Article 5. Form of ownership and form of activity of enterprises in the fuel and energy complex

The enterprises of the fuel and energy complex can have any legal form of activity and types of ownership (state, municipal and private).

(As amended by the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic of May 16, 2008 No. 85)

Article 6. Powers of the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic in the fuel and energy complex

The Government of the Kyrgyz Republic determines the energy program and exercises control over the implementation of this program in accordance with this Law, other regulatory legal acts, and does not directly interfere in the production and economic activities of the enterprises of the fuel and energy complex.

The functions of the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic in the field of the fuel and energy complex include:

- pursuing a unified state policy in the fuel and energy complex;
- determination of the general pricing policy for the products of the fuel and energy complex;
- the establishment of economically sound and socially acceptable pricing and tariff setting mechanisms;
- adoption, within the competence, of regulatory legal acts aimed at regulating relations in the fuel and energy complex;
- monitoring the proper implementation of regulatory legal acts of the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic aimed at regulating relations in the field of the fuel and energy complex;
- provision and transfer of property rights and rights to use water, mineral and other energy resources,
- the formation of a common energy resource market in accordance with the principles established by the juridical base of the Eurasian Economic Union;
- rendering assistance in the interstate transfer of electric energy in cases provided for by the juridical base of the Eurasian Economic Union.

(As amended by the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic of June 24, 2013 No. 99, January 14, 2015 No. 10)

Article 7. Powers of local state bodies

in the fuel and energy complex

Relations between local government bodies and enterprises of the fuel and energy complex are carried out in accordance with the legislation and other regulatory acts of the Kyrgyz Republic.

Article 8. Authorized state bodies

Authorized state bodies for the development of energy policy, regulation of the fuel and energy complex and supervision and control in the energy sector operate independently of energy enterprises and do not directly intervene in their production and economic activities. The functions of these authorized state bodies are determined by the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic.
Article 9. Functions of the authorized state body
Kyrgyz Republic in the field of energy
(Repealed in accordance with the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic of June 24, 2013 No. 99)

Article 10. Executive Council
(Repealed in accordance with the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic of July 19, 2014 No. 145)

Article 11. Financing of an authorized state body
Kyrgyz Republic in the field of energy
(Repealed in accordance with the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic dated June 24, 2013 No. 99)

Section 12. Access to Information

In order to ensure the performance of their functions and the implementation of tasks, the authorized state bodies for the development of energy policy, regulation of the fuel and energy complex and supervision and control in the energy sector, within their authority, have free access to all documents of enterprises in the fuel and energy complex.


The National Energy Program (NEP) is developed by the Government and approved by the Jogorku Kenesh of the Kyrgyz Republic.

The objectives of the NEP are to determine the main directions of development of each industry in the fuel and energy complex, which includes the conservation and efficient use of energy resources, increasing the efficiency of fuel and energy supply systems, energy conservation, the use of environmentally friendly fuels and preserving the environment, carrying out structural transformations, and solving investment, price, tax and other issues in the field of energy, fuel industry and research.
(As amended by the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic of May 16, 2008 No. 85)

Section 14. Nature Protection

All types of proposed activities in the fuel and energy complex are preliminarily reviewed and evaluated by the competent state authorities in terms of their environmental impact and are carried out after their positive conclusion.

Article 15. Use of land and real estate

The owner of the license has the right to conduct production and business activities on the allocated land using real estate owned by the state, administrative-territorial units, or other property in accordance with the legislation of the Kyrgyz Republic.
Section 16. Responsibility

The license holder is responsible and ensures the quality of electric energy at the property border that meets the requirements of the state standard.

The license holder is responsible for the losses incurred by the owner or user of real estate, other consumers of energy resources, environmental protection and the environment caused by activities in the field of energy, in accordance with the legislation of the Kyrgyz Republic.

The Government of the Kyrgyz Republic is responsible for providing compensation payments for energy for low-income citizens, as well as for decisions of authorized state bodies to develop policies in the field of energy and for supervision and control in the field of energy, worsening the social and economic situation of the republic.

(As amended by the Laws of the Kyrgyz Republic dated May 23, 2008 No. 93 , June 24, 2013 No. 99 )

Section 17. General Principles

The Government of the Kyrgyz Republic stimulates and creates stable and favorable conditions for investments in the fuel and energy complex.

Article 18. Attraction of investments to production activities in the fuel and energy complex

To stimulate development and progress in the production, transportation, distribution and supply of energy products, this Law recognizes the role of private legal entities or individuals in these sectors and ensures the maximum provision of favorable conditions for them in accordance with their role and contribution.

Section 19. Insurance

Investors are allowed, within the framework of their investments in the fuel and energy complex, to place the types of insurance necessary for their investments in local and foreign insurance companies. The Government of the Kyrgyz Republic does not impose any restrictions on them, does not intervene and does not affect the terms and other conditions of such insurance.

Article 20. On the entry into force of this Law

This Law shall enter into force on the day of its signing.

President of the Kyrgyz Republic

A. Akayev