RISE scores (out of 100) per pillar 2017

**ELECTRICITY ACCESS**
- Utility Creditworthiness
- Utility Transparency and Monitoring
- Consumer affordability of electricity
- Framework for standalone systems
- Framework for mini grids
- Existence and monitoring of officially approved electrification plan
- Scope of officially approved electrification plan

**ENERGY EFFICIENCY**
- Carbon Pricing
- National energy efficiency planning
- Transport sector energy efficiency
- Building energy codes
- Energy labeling systems
- Minimum energy efficiency performance standards
- Financing mechanisms for energy efficiency
- Incentives & mandates: utilities
- Incentives & mandates: public sector
- Incentives & mandates: large consumers
- Information provided to consumers about electricity usage
- EE incentives from electricity rate structures

**RENEWABLE ENERGY**
- Carbon Pricing and Monitoring
- Counterparty Risk
- Network connection and pricing
- Legal framework for renewable energy
- Planning for renewable energy expansion
- Incentives and regulatory support for renewable energy
- Attributes of financial and regulatory incentives

**EVOLUTION OF RISE SCORE SINCE 2010**

**DASHBOARD FOR SUSTAINABLE ENERGY**
Access to electricity: 35% of population
Access to clean cooking: 1% of population
Renewable energy: 62% of Total Final Energy Consumption
Energy efficiency: 2.83 MJ per US$ PPP 2011

Note: The overall country score is based on the average score of Energy Access, Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy indicators. *https://trackingsdg7.esmap.org